# PILLARS for Teaching and Learning MATHEMATICS

# INFORMED AND INTENTIONAL PRACTICES

#### **Understanding the Curriculum**

- Knowing and making sense of mathematics for teaching
- Understanding learning progressions
- Applying big ideas

## **Embedding the Interrelated Mathematical Processes**

- Communication
- Connections
- Mental mathematics and estimation
- Problem solving
- Reasoning
- Technology
- Visualization

## **Applying Effective Teaching Practices**



- Implement tasks that promote reasoning and problem solving.
- Use and connect mathematical representations.
- Facilitate meaningful mathematical discourse.
- Pose purposeful questions.
- Build procedural fluency from conceptual understanding.
- Support productive struggle in learning mathematics.
- Elicit and use evidence of student thinking. (Excerpted from National Council of Teachers of Mathematics [NCTM], Principles to Actions 3)

### **Bridging Assessment and Instruction**

- Assessment for learning
- Assessment as learning
- Assessment of learning

# RESPONSIVE LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

#### **Ensuring Access and Equity**

- The strengths and needs of each student
- High expectations for each student
- Indigenous perspectives
- Cultural and contextual relevance
- Differentiated supports

# **Developing Mindsets**

- An appreciation of mathematics
- A willingness to take risks
- Curiosity and questioning
- Productive struggle

## **Nurturing Learning Communities**

- A sense of safety and belonging
- Self-confidence and self-efficacy
- Self-reflective learning
- Student voice

# A CULTURE OF LIFELONG PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

#### **Continually Improving**

- "Teachers' mathematical knowledge and their capacity to use it in practice
- Teachers' beliefs and dispositions that foster their continued learning
- Teachers' capacity to notice, analyze, and respond to students' thinking
- Teachers' collegial relationships and learning structures that can support and sustain their learning" (Doerr, Goldsmith, and Lewis, cited in NCTM, Principles to Actions 101)

### **Collaborating**

- Teachers with students
- Teacher colleagues within and across grade levels
- Teachers with numeracy leaders and/or instructional coaches
- Teachers with mathematics educators and mathematicians
- Teachers with other stakeholders

### Reflecting

- Focus on student thinking and student demonstrations of understanding
- Seek opportunities to participate in formal and informal professional inquiry to improve teaching practice







