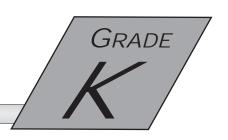
# BEING TOGETHER

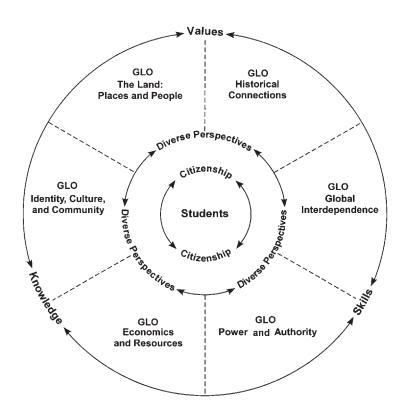


Grade Overview
Specific Learning Outcomes
Learning Experiences



# Grade Overview

**KINDERGARTEN** students explore who they are in relation to others in their world. They become aware of how people live, play, and work together in order to meet their basic needs. Students are encouraged to express interest in the experiences of others and discover their connections to the people around them. As they explore their social and natural environments, they become aware that they live in a country called Canada, and begin to see themselves as part of a larger world.



# GRADE /

# Cluster Descriptions

#### Cluster 1: Me

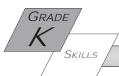
Students explore what makes them unique, considering their abilities and interests, and identify groups and places that are important to them. They also examine rules and responsibilities and study basic needs.

# Cluster 2: The People Around Me

Students identify the people who care for them and influence their lives. They explore different ways of cooperating, communicating, and solving problems in order to live and work together with others. Students also begin to examine the concept of time by investigating recurring events in their lives.

#### Cluster 3: The World Around Me

Students study the world around them, exploring the physical environment of their local neighbourhood and learning that they live in a country called Canada. They learn that although all people have the same basic needs, they have different ways of meeting those needs.



# Kindergarten Skills

## **Active Democratic Citizenship**

Citizenship skills enable students to develop good relations with others, to work in cooperative ways toward achieving common goals, and to collaborate with others for the well-being of their communities. These interpersonal skills focus on cooperation, conflict resolution, taking responsibility, accepting differences, building consensus, negotiation, collaborative decision making, and learning to deal with dissent and disagreement.

Kind	ergarten	students	will
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S-100	Cooperate and collaborate with others.	S-102	Interact fairly and respectfully with others.
	Examples: take turns, share space and classroom resources	S-103	Make decisions that reflect care, concern, and responsibility for the environment.
S-101	Consider others' needs when working and playing together.		

#### **Managing Information and Ideas**

Information-management skills enable students to access, select, organize, and record information and ideas, using a variety of sources, tools, and technologies. These skills include inquiry and research skills that enhance historical and geographical thinking.

Kindergarten students will...

S-200	Gather information from oral, visual, material, or print sources.	S-202	Use appropriate terms or expressions to describe periods of time.
S-201	Sort information using selected criteria.	S-203	Use tools and technologies to accomplish given tasks.



# Kindergarten Skills

## **Critical and Creative Thinking**

Critical and creative thinking skills enable students to make observations and decisions, to solve problems, and to devise forward-thinking strategies. These skills involve making connections among concepts and applying a variety of tools. Critical thinking involves the use of criteria and evidence to make reasoned judgements. These judgements include distinguishing fact from opinion and interpretation, evaluating information and ideas, identifying perspectives and bias, and considering the consequences of decisions and actions. Creative thinking emphasizes divergent thinking, the generation of ideas and possibilities, and the exploration of diverse approaches to questions.

Kindergarten students will...

S-300	Use comparison in investigations.
S-301	Identify consequences of their decisions and actions.
	actions.

#### Communication

Communication skills enable students to interpret and express ideas clearly and purposefully using a variety of media. These skills include the development of oral, visual, print, and media literacy, and the use of information and communication technologies for the exchange of information and ideas.

Kindergarten students will...

S-400	Listen actively to others.	S-403	Present information and ideas orally, visually,
S-401	Use language that is respectful of others.		or concretely.
S-402		S-404	Relate events and stories in chronological
Express reasons for their ideas and opinions.		order.	



# Core Concept: Citizenship

#### **Core Concept: Citizenship**

Students will develop the knowledge, skills, and values necessary to become responsible democratic citizens who are actively engaged in their local, national, and global communities.

Citizenship education is fundamental to living in a democratic society. A critical consideration of citizenship provides students with opportunities to explore democratic values, and to determine their responsibilities and rights as participants in civil society. Students explore the complexities of citizenship in Canada and in the global context, as well as environmental citizenship, and citizenship for the future.

This exploration of citizenship helps students develop the knowledge and skills they need to live with others, to understand social change, and to support and promote social well-being. As they engage in public dialogue and debate, students enhance their understanding of citizenship, and are empowered to be active democratic citizens who contribute to the local, national, and global communities to which they belong.

	Kindergarten students will		
KC-001	Describe their responsibilities at home and in school.	VC-001	Be willing to contribute to their groups and communities.
KC-002	Recognize that their actions affect others.		
KC-003	Identify people who are responsible for helping and caring for them at home, at school, and in the community.		
KC-004	Give examples of ways in which people cooperate in order to live together peacefully.		
KC-005	Recognize that they live in a country called Canada.		
KC-006	Identify Remembrance Day as a time to think about peace and war.		



#### Identity, Culture, and Community

Kindergarten students will...

Students will explore concepts of identity, culture, and community in relation to individuals, societies, and nations.

Many factors influence identity and life in communities, including culture, language, history, and shared beliefs and values. Identity is subject to time and place, and is shaped by a multiplicity of personal, social, and economic factors. A critical consideration of identity, culture, and community provides students with opportunities to explore the symbols and expressions of their own and others' cultural and social groups. Through a study of the ways in which people live together and express themselves in communities, societies, and nations, students enhance their understanding of diverse perspectives and develop their competencies as social beings. This process enables them to reflect upon their roles as individuals and citizens so as to become contributing members of their groups and communities.

The specific learning outcomes within Identity, Culture, and Community include concepts such as human interaction and interdependence, cultural diversity, national identities, and pluralism.

KI-007 KI-008	Identify groups that are important to them.  Recognize that everyone has particular	VI-002	Value their own and others' interests and abilities.
interests and abilities.	VI-002A	Value the special talents or strengths that are	
KI-009	Identify groups in which people live, work, and play together.		given to them.
KI-010	Identify different ways people communicate. Examples: art, dance, song, facial expression, body language, sign language		
KI-010A	Recognize the importance of non-verbal communication in their Aboriginal culture.		
KI-011	Recognize that people have diverse celebrations.		



#### The Land: Places and People

Students will explore the dynamic relationships of people with the land, places, and environments.

People exist in dynamic relationships with the land. The exploration of people's relationships with places and environments creates an understanding of human dependence and impact upon the natural environment. Students explore how spatial and physical characteristics of the environment affect human life, cultures, and societies. They consider how connections to the land influence their identities and define their roles and responsibilities as citizens, locally, nationally, and globally.

The specific learning outcomes within The Land: Places and People focus on geographic understanding and skills, and concepts such as sustainability, stewardship, and the relationship between people and the land.

	Kindergarten students will		
KL-012	Describe characteristics of the local physical environment.  Include: natural and constructed elements.	VL-003	Appreciate the beauty and importance of the natural environment.
KL-013	Give examples of how the natural environment influences daily life. <i>Examples: work, play, clothing</i>		
KL-014	Describe the location of their home in relation to familiar landmarks.  Include: the name of their village, town, city, or First Nation community.		
KL-015	Identify familiar places and landmarks.  Examples: parks, statues, buildings, natural landmarks		
KL-015F	Identify meeting places where they can associate with other francophones.		
KL-016	Recognize globes, maps, and models as representations of actual places.		



#### **Historical Connections**

Students will explore how people, events, and ideas of the past shape the present and influence the future.

The past shapes who we are. An exploration of Canadian and world history enables students to acquire knowledge and appreciation of the past, to understand the present, and to live with regard for the future. An important aspect of this process is the disciplined investigation and interpretation of history. Students learn to think historically as they explore people, events, ideas, and evidence of the past. As they reflect upon diverse perspectives, personal narratives, parallel accounts, and oral and social histories, students develop the historical understanding that provides a foundation for active democratic citizenship.

The specific learning outcomes within Historical Connections enable students to develop an interest in the past, and focus on chronological thinking, historical understanding, and concepts such as progress, decline, continuity, and change.

	Kindergarten students will		
KH-017	Give examples of repeating patterns and events in their lives.  Examples: class routines, celebrations, Canada Day, Earth Day	VH-004	Demonstrate interest in stories of the past.
KH-018	Distinguish between yesterday, today, and tomorrow.		
KH-019	Recognize that they can learn from stories of the past.		



#### **Global Interdependence**

Students will explore the global interdependence of people, communities, societies, nations, and environments.

People, communities, societies, nations, and environments are interdependent. An exploration of this interdependence enhances students' global consciousness and helps them develop empathy with respect to the human condition. Students critically consider diverse perspectives as they examine the connections that link local, national, and global communities. Consideration of global connections enables students to expand their knowledge of the world in which they live and to engage in active democratic citizenship.

The specific learning outcomes within Global Interdependence focus on human rights and responsibilities, diversity and commonality, quality of life and equity, globalization, international cooperation and conflict, and global environmental concerns.

	Kindergarten students will		
KG-020	Recognize that people all over the world have the same basic needs.  Examples: food, clothing, shelter	VG-005	Demonstrate interest in the larger world beyond their immediate environment.
KG-021	Recognize that they may have different ways of meeting their basic needs than people in other parts of the world.		



#### **Power and Authority**

Students will explore the processes and structures of power and authority, and their implications for individuals, relationships, communities, and nations.

Power and authority influence all human relationships. Students critically examine the distribution, exercise, and implications of power and authority in everyday life and in formal settings. They consider diverse forms of governance and leadership, and inquire into issues of fairness and equity. This exploration helps students develop a sense of personal empowerment as active democratic citizens.

The specific learning outcomes within Power and Authority include concepts such as political structures and decision making, governance, justice, rules and laws, conflict and conflict resolution, and war and peace.

	Kindergarten students will		
KP-022	Give examples of rules and identify their purposes.  Examples: school rules, safety rules	VP-006	Respect the rules of the classroom, playground, and school.
KP-023	Identify people who make decisions that influence their lives.		
KP-024	Recognize that disagreement or conflict may be part of living and working together.		



#### **Economics and Resources**

Students will explore the distribution of resources and wealth in relation to individuals, communities, and nations.

The management and distribution of resources and wealth have a direct impact on human societies and quality of life. Students explore the effects of economic interdependence on individuals, communities, and nations in the global context. They examine economic factors that affect decision making, the use of resources, and the development of technologies. As students explore diverse perspectives regarding human needs, wants, and quality of life, they critically consider the social and environmental implications of the distribution of resources and technologies, locally, nationally, and globally.

The specific learning outcomes within Economics and Resources include concepts such as trade, commerce, and industry, access to resources, economic disparities, economic systems, and globalization.

	Kindergarten students will		
KE-025	Give examples of basic needs.	VE-007	Respect their own and others' property.
	Examples: food, clothing, shelter	VE-008	Value the sharing of work and resources.
KE-026	Give examples of different types of work in their families, schools, and communities.		