Main Events during Early Nouvelle-France

- Tadoussac is established (1600-1602)
- Champlain travels to Montréal (1603)
- De Monts and Samuel de Champlain build an habitation on Île Sainte-Croix in Acadia (1604)
- Champlain founds Québec (July 3, 1608)
- Champlain battles the Iroquois and kills a chief (July 30, 1609)
- Champlain explores and visits the land of the Hurons (1615)
- Nouvelle-France begins to keep official records of births, deaths, marriages (1620)
- The seigneurial system is established in Nouvelle-France (1623)
- The First Jesuits arrive in Nouvelle-France (April 1625)
- The Company of a Hundred Associates (Compagnie des Cent-Associés) is given a monopoly for all the land in Nouvelle-France (April 1627)
- The family of Louis Hébert, the first farmer in Nouvelle-France, uses a plough to till the land for the first time in this part of the continent (April 1628)
- Champlain is forced to temporarily surrender Québec to the English Kirk Brothers (July 1629)
- The first school is opened by a religious order in Nouvelle-France (1632)
- The land is surveyed into the long narrow farms of the seigneuries (1632)
- The Jesuits begin publishing a regular journal (Relations) as a record of the activities of Nouvelle-France (1632)
- France recovers Québec from England, along with goods that were given up to the English (March 1632)
- A Jesuit College is established at Québec (1635)
- Champlain dies (December 25, 1635)
- The first official Governor arrives in Nouvelle-France (1636)
- Marie de l'Incarnation founds the first convent at Québec (1639)
- The Récollets establish a mission at Sainte-Marie among the Hurons (first Europeans in Ontario 1641)
Main Events during Early Nouvelle-France

- Maisonneuve founds Ville-Marie (present-day Montréal) (1642)
- The first hospital in Canada (Hôtel-Dieu) is opened by Jeanne Mance in Québec.
- Huronia is destroyed. (1649)
- Jesuit missionaries Lalement and Brébeuf are executed by the Iroquois. (March 1649)
- Captain Sedgwick of New England captures Port-Royal in Acadia. (August 1654)
- Louis XIV revokes the monopoly of the Compagnie des Cent-Associés and appoints a new Intendant and Governor. (1663)
- Louis XIV sets up the Sovereign Council to govern Nouvelle-France. (1663)
- A royal edict sets up the laws and customs of France as the laws of Nouvelle-France. (1664)
- The Carignan-Salières regiment of the French army arrives from France to combat the Iroquois. (1665)
- The first Filles du Roi arrive as brides for the unmarried settlers. (1665)
- Jean Talon becomes Intendant. (March 1665)
- Canada’s first Official Census is taken of the French population. (1665)
- A peace treaty is signed with the Iroquois. (1667)
- Frontenac is named Governor. (1672)
- Fort Frontenac is founded. (1673)
- French explorers Marquette and Joliet reach the Mississippi River (July 1673)
- French captain Iberville sinks British warship in Hudson's Bay (1697)
- Laval is named first Bishop of Québec (1704)
- French explorer La Salle reaches the mouth of the Mississippi and claims the whole region for France (1682)
- Fire destroys the public square at Québec (1682)
- The Iroquois promise to not take sides in English-French wars (1701)
- 1702 England declares war on France in Europe (1702)