K.5.3.A.1 ★ K.5.2.A.1 Identify the daily habits and responsibilities for leading a physically active and healthy life (e.g., self-regulation relative to practising daily health routines for cleanliness, rest, healthy eating, good posture)	K.5.3.A.2 ► K.5.2.A.2 Identify common communicable diseases/illness/conditions (e.g., colds, flu, pink-eye, head lice) in the classroom and home, and ways to prevent the spread of disease/illness/conditions (e.g., cover mouth when sneezing or coughing, wash hands regularly, share food appropriately, use own hair utensils and headwear)	3	K.5.3.B.1 ★ K.5.2.B.1 Identify the health benefits (i.e., better health, posture, balance, self-esteem, healthy weight, stronger muscles and bones) of participating in regular physical activity (e.g., accumulating more than 60 minutes and up to several hours a day of physical activity)
K A	K A	K A	K B

K.5.3.B.2 ★ K.5.2.B.2 Identify opportunities (e.g., during physical education class, recess, lunch hour, before/after school, on weekends) to be active daily, alone or with family and others	3	3 □ K.5.3.C.1a → K.5.2.C.1a Differentiate between "everyday" and "sometime" foods in Canada's Food Guide to Healthy Eating	Healthy Lifestyle Practices □ K.5.3.C.1b ► K.5.2.C.1b Identify the function of a variety of food groups for growth and development (e.g., foods that help the body go, glow, and grow)
K B	K B	K C	K C

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Healthy Lifestyle Practices	Healthy Lifestyle Practices	Healthy Lifestyle Practices	Healthy Lifestyle Practices
□ K.5.3.C.2 ★ K.5.2.C.2 Identify the need for daily food and fluid to support physical activity	☐ K.5.3.D.1 Identify and describe the potential dangers associated with substance use (e.g., medicines, vitamins, tobacco, alcohol, solvents, gasoline, cleaning supplies, glue, street drugs) in the community	□ K.5.3.D.2 Identify helpful and/or harmful substances (i.e., vitamins, medicines, tobacco, alcohol) and their effects on a healthy body (e.g., vitamins help build body tissues; medicines fight germs and/or reduce pain; nicotine in tobacco affects circulatory system and nervous system; first-and second-hand tobacco smoke affects lungs and may cause cancer; consuming or inhaling	□ K.5.3.D.3 Recognize the factors (e.g., peer pressure, media influence) that can influence making decisions regarding substance use (i.e., smoking)
K C	K D	K D	K D

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3	hy practices 3	Healthy Lifestyle Practices	Healthy Lifestyle Practices	Healthy Lifestyle Practices
□ S.5.3.A.4 Use avoidance and assertiveness skills (e.g., avoid ta medicines or non-medicinal produ without supervision; do not touch with harmful substances such as p medicines, cigarettes, solvents, sa use of harmful substances) in serelated to potentially dangerous situations	aking or play ooisons, y no to cenarios			
S	A			