



K.5.S1.E.4b

## STI Quiz: Answer Key

### True or False?

1. A person can have a sexually transmitted infection (STI) and not know it. **TRUE**
2. It is normal for females to have some vaginal discharge. **TRUE**
3. Once you have had an STI and have been treated, you can't get it again. **FALSE**
4. HIV is mainly present in semen, blood, vaginal secretions, and breast milk. **TRUE**
5. Chlamydia and gonorrhoea can cause pelvic inflammatory disease. **TRUE**
6. A pregnant female who has an STI can pass the disease to her fetus or newborn. **TRUE**
7. Most STIs go away without treatment, if people wait long enough. **FALSE**
8. STIs that are not treated can cause infertility. **TRUE**
9. Birth control pills offer excellent protection from STIs. **FALSE**
10. Condoms can help prevent the spread of STIs. **TRUE**
11. If you know your partner, you can't get an STI. **FALSE**
12. Chlamydia is the most common STI. **TRUE**
13. Sexually active individuals should get an annual STI-detection test from their doctor. **TRUE**

### Short Answer

14. What advice would you give someone who thought he or she might have an STI?

**Go to an STI clinic or physician's office for a checkup.**

15. How can you avoid contracting an STI?

**Abstain from sexual intercourse, engage in lower risk sexual activities, use condoms every time you have sexual intercourse, get a hepatitis B vaccination, and refuse to share needles.**