Grade 12
Pre-Calculus Mathematics Achievement Test

## Booklet 2

June 2019

Manitoba Education and Training Cataloguing in Publication Data
Grade 12 pre-calculus mathematics achievement test. Booklet 2. June 2019

This resource is available in print and electronic formats.
ISBN: 978-0-7711-7798-9 (print)
ISBN: 978-0-7711-7799-6 (pdf)

1. Mathematics-Examinations, questions, etc.
2. Educational tests and measurements-Manitoba.
3. Mathematics-Study and teaching (Secondary)-Manitoba.
4. Pre-calculus-Study and teaching (Secondary)-Manitoba.
5. Mathematical ability-Testing.
I. Manitoba. Manitoba Education and Training.
510.76

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While the department is committed to making its publications as accessible as possible, some parts of this document are not fully accessible at this time.

Available in alternate formats upon request.

## Grade 12 Pre-Calculus Mathematics Achievement Test

## DESCRIPTION

Time Required to Complete the Test: $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Additional Time Allowed: $\mathbf{3 0}$ minutes

Numbers and Marks by Question Type

|  | Selected <br> Response | Constructed <br> Response | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Booklet 1* | - | 17 | 34 |
| Booklet 2 | 9 | 23 | 56 |
| Total | 9 | 40 | $\mathbf{9 0}$ |

[^0]Note that diagrams and graphs provided in the test booklets may not be drawn to scale.

## DIRECTIONS

## Selected Response Questions

- Calculators are not allowed for this part of the test.
- You may use the spaces beside each question for rough work.
- Provide only one answer per question.
- There is no penalty for guessing.
- Record your answers on the sheet provided.


## Constructed Response Questions

- Calculators are not allowed for this part of the test.
- For full marks, your answer must show all pertinent diagrams, calculations, and explanations.
- Your solutions should be neat, clear, and well organized.
- Write each solution in the space provided.

Electronic communication between students through phones, email, or file sharing during the test is strictly prohibited. Please turn off your cell phone and all other such devices.

No marks will be awarded for work done on this page.

The range of $y=f(x)$ is $-6 \leq y \leq 12$. The range of the transformed function $y=a f(x)$ is $-2 \leq y \leq 4$. Identify the value of $a$.
a) -3
b) $-\frac{1}{3}$
c) $\frac{1}{3}$
d) 3

## Question 19

1 mark
Identify the expression which is equivalent to $3 \log y-\frac{1}{2} \log x+\log z$.
a) $\log \left(\frac{y^{3}}{\sqrt{x} z}\right)$
b) $\log \left(\frac{y^{3} z}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$
c) $\log \left(\frac{y^{3}}{x^{2} z}\right)$
d) $\log \left(\frac{y^{3} z}{x^{2}}\right)$

Identify the measure of the angle $-\frac{2 \pi}{9}$ in degrees.
a) $-400^{\circ}$
b) $-40^{\circ}$
c) $40^{\circ}$
d) $320^{\circ}$

If $y=f(x)$ has a domain of $[2,5]$ and a range of $[6,10]$, identify the domain of $y=f^{-1}(x)$.
a) $\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{5}\right]$
b) $[-5,-2]$
c) $[-10,-6]$
d) $[6,10]$

## Question 22

1 mark
Identify which of the following is a polynomial function.
a) $p(x)=-\frac{1}{2}(x+2)^{3}(x-3)$
b) $p(x)=2 x^{\frac{1}{2}}+x-3$
c) $p(x)=3 x^{-4}+x^{2}-6$
d) $p(x)=2^{x}+3$

Identify the total number of terms in the expansion of $(x-y)^{9}$.
a) 8
b) 9
c) 10
d) 11

Identify the exact value of $2 \cos ^{2}\left(15^{\circ}\right)-1$.
a) 1
b) $\frac{1}{2}$
c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
d) $\sqrt{3}$

## Question 25

The zeros of the function $y=f(x)$ are $x=-2$ and $x=3$. Identify the zeros of the function $g(x)=2 f(x-4)$.
a) $x=-6$ and $x=-1$
b) $x=2$ and $x=7$
c) $x=-4$ and $x=6$
d) $x=0$ and $x=10$

Identify the value of $\log _{4}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$.
a) -16
b) -1
c) 1
d) 16

Sketch the graph of at least one period of the function $y=-\cos \left(x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)+3$.


Justify that $(x-5)$ is not a possible factor of the function $P(x)=x^{3}-3 x^{2}-4 x+12$.

Sketch the graph of $f(x)=\frac{6}{(x+2)(x-3)}$ and state the $y$-intercept.

$y$-intercept: $\qquad$

Determine how many 3-digit odd numbers less than 300 are possible using the digits $1,2,3,4,5,6$ if repetition is not allowed.

Given that $\cos \alpha=-\frac{5}{13}$ and $\sin \beta=\frac{2}{3}$, where $\alpha$ and $\beta$ terminate in the same quadrant, determine the exact value of $\cos (\alpha-\beta)$.

Given the graph of $y=4^{x}$, sketch the graph of $y=2(4)^{x-3}+1$.



The graph of $f(x)$ has already been drawn for your reference.

No marks will be awarded for the graph of $f(x)$.

Determine the coterminal angle of $\frac{\pi}{5}$ over the interval $[-2 \pi, 0]$.

State the domain of the graph of $y=\log (x-4)-8$.

Given the graph of $y=5 \sin \left[2\left(x+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right]-3$, determine the exact value of the $x$-coordinate in the point $P$.


Verify that the following equation is true for $x=\frac{5 \pi}{6}$.

$$
\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}=\frac{1+\sin x}{\cos x}
$$



## Question 37

Given that $(x+1)$ is one of the factors of $P(x)=x^{3}-x^{2}+k x-8$, determine the value of $k$.

Given the function $f(x)=\sqrt{x}$, describe how to use transformations to determine the domain of the function $g(x)=f(x+2)+1$.

Given the graph of $y=f(x)$, state the equation of the vertical asymptote of $y=\frac{1}{f(x)}$.


Solve, algebraically.

$$
16^{x}=64^{2 x-1}
$$

Given one of the factors of $P(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-5 x-6$ is $(x+3)$, express $P(x)$ in completely factored form.

$$
P(x)=
$$

$\qquad$

Sketch the graph of $p(x)=3(x+1)^{2}(x-2)^{2}$.


Given that $f(x)=x^{2}-4$ and $g(x)=\sqrt{x}$, determine $f(g(x))$ and state its domain.
$f(g(x))=$ $\qquad$

Determine a possible equation of the function $f(x)$.


$$
f(x)=
$$

$\qquad$

Explain why the graph of $y=\log _{2} x$ does not have a $y$-intercept.

Evaluate.

$$
\sin ^{2}\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)+\cos \left(\frac{17 \pi}{6}\right) \sec \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)
$$

Determine the coordinates of the point of discontinuity (hole) on the graph of $y=\frac{x^{2}-3 x}{x}$.

Given the graphs of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, sketch the graph of $h(x)=f(x)+g(x)$.



Given that $\csc \theta=-\frac{4}{\sqrt{7}}$ and $\cos \theta>0$, determine the exact value of $\tan \theta$.

No marks will be awarded for work done on this page.

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[^0]:    * The first 4 questions with the symbol $\frac{\text { 漸泣 }}{}$ in Booklet 1 require a scientific calculator. You will have access to your calculator for the first 45 minutes of the test.

