

Grade 12
Pre-Calculus Mathematics
Achievement Test

Booklet 2

January 2024

Grade 12 pre-calculus mathematics achievement test.
Booklet 2. January 2024

This resource is available in print and electronic formats.
ISBN: 978-0-7711-6383-8 (print)
ISBN: 978-0-7711-6385-2 (pdf)

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Manitoba Education and Early Childhood Learning
Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada

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Available in alternate formats upon request.

Grade 12 Pre-Calculus Mathematics Achievement Test

DESCRIPTION

Time Required to Complete the Test: 3 hours

Additional Time Allowed: 30 minutes

Numbers and Marks by Question Type

	Selected Response	Constructed Response	Marks
Booklet 1	-	15	33
Booklet 2	8	24	57
Total	8	39	90

Note that diagrams and graphs provided in the test booklets may not be drawn to scale.

DIRECTIONS

Selected Response Questions

- Calculators are **not** allowed for this part of the test.
- You may use the spaces beside each question for rough work.
- Provide only one answer per question.
- There is no penalty for guessing.
- Record your answers on the sheet provided.

Constructed Response Questions

- Calculators are **not** allowed for this part of the test.
- Write each solution in the space provided.
- For full marks, your answer must show all pertinent diagrams, calculations, and explanations.
- Your solutions should be neat, clear, and well organized.

No marks will be awarded for work done on this page.

Question 16

1 mark

Identify the range of the function $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}f(x+1)$, given that the range of the function $y = f(x)$ is $[-6, 4]$.

- a) $[-12, 8]$
- b) $[-7, 3]$
- c) $[-5, 5]$
- d) $[-3, 2]$

Question 17

1 mark

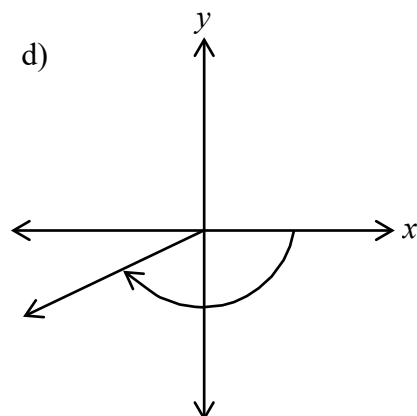
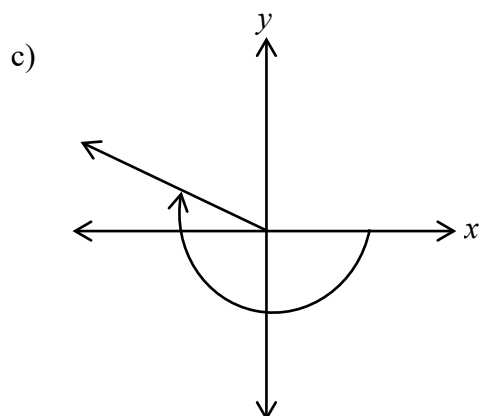
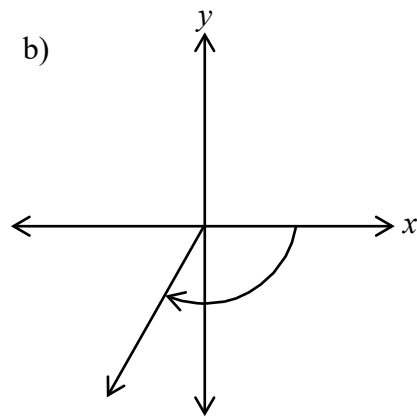
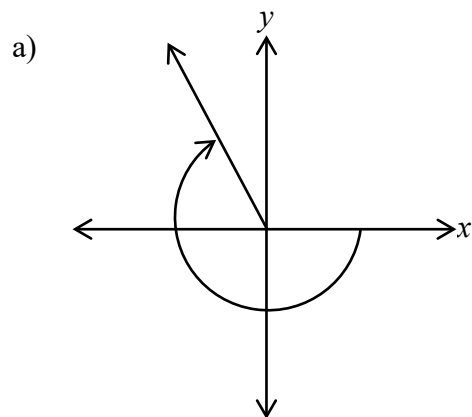
Identify the value of a , given that there are 11 terms in the expansion of $(3x^4 - y)^{2a}$.

- a) 5
- b) 6
- c) 10
- d) 11

Question 18

1 mark

Identify the angle that best represents $\theta = -\frac{6\pi}{5}$.

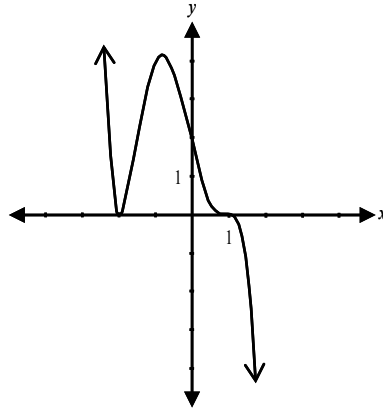


Question 19

1 mark

Identify a possible value for n , given the graph of $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+2)^2(x-1)^n$.

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4



Question 20

1 mark

Identify the statement that is false, given $g(x) = \frac{8x^2}{x^2 - 16}$.

- a) the graph of $g(x)$ has one x -intercept.
- b) the graph of $g(x)$ has a point of discontinuity (hole) at $x = 0$.
- c) the graph of $g(x)$ has two vertical asymptotes.
- d) the graph of $g(x)$ has a horizontal asymptote at $y = 8$.

Question 21

1 mark

Identify the equivalent form of $\log_a\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$.

- a) $-2\log_a x$
- b) $1 - 2\log_a x$
- c) $2\log_a x$
- d) $-2\log_a\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

Question 22**1 mark**

Identify which one of the following expressions is equivalent to ${}_{13}C_6$.

a) ${}_{13}P_6$

b) ${}_{13}C_7$

c) ${}_{12}P_7$

d) ${}_{12}C_6$

Question 23**1 mark**

Identify the equation of $h(x) = f(x) - g(x)$, given $f(x) = x + 5$ and $g(x) = 4x + 1$.

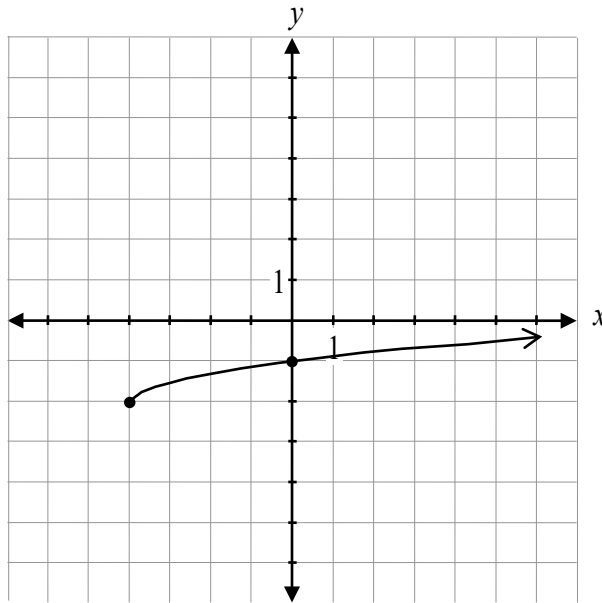
a) $h(x) = -3x + 6$

b) $h(x) = -3x + 4$

c) $h(x) = 3x + 6$

d) $h(x) = 3x - 4$

Determine the equation of the radical function represented by the graph.

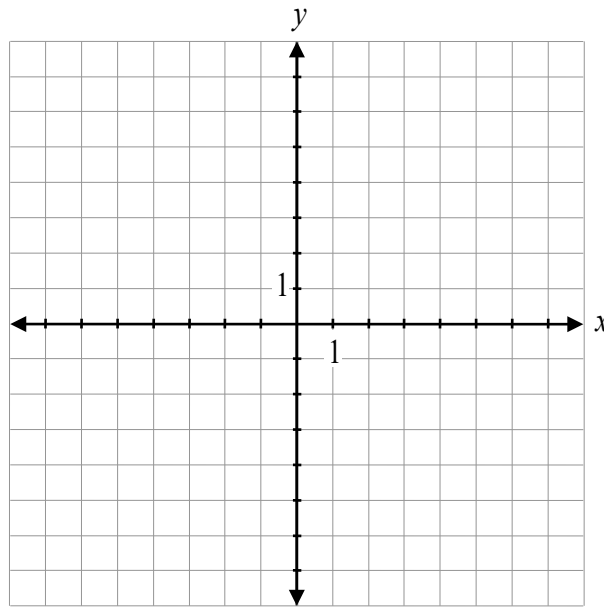


$y =$ _____

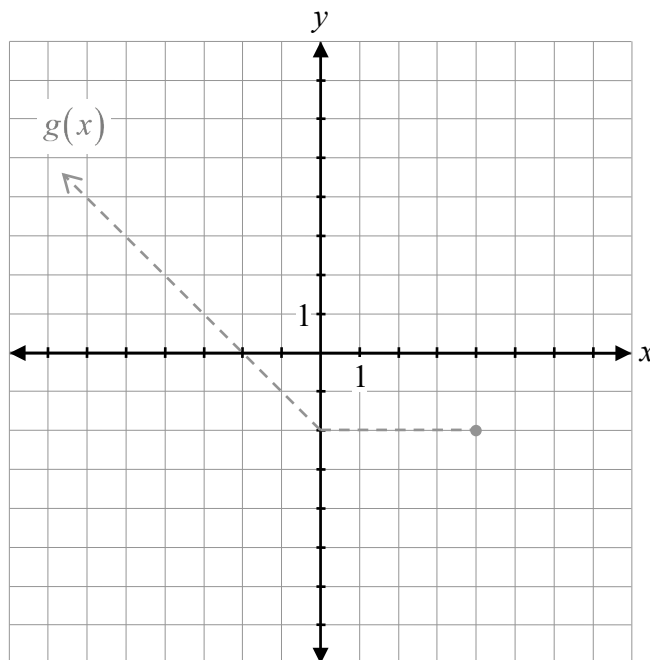
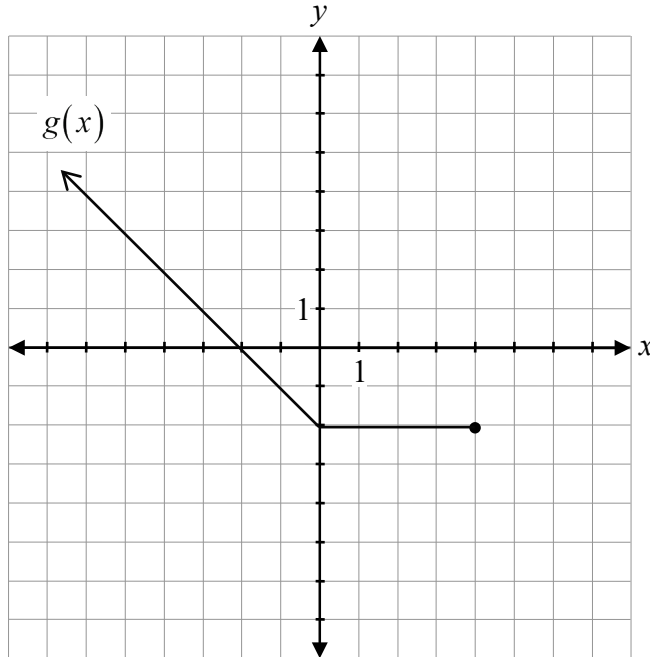
Determine the exact value of x .

$$\sec\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)\left(\sin\left(-\frac{5\pi}{3}\right)\right)(x) = 3$$

Sketch the graph of $y = 2^{-x} - 3$.



Given the graph of $y = g(x)$, sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{g(x)}$.



The graph of $g(x)$ has already been drawn for your reference. No marks will be awarded for the graph of $g(x)$.

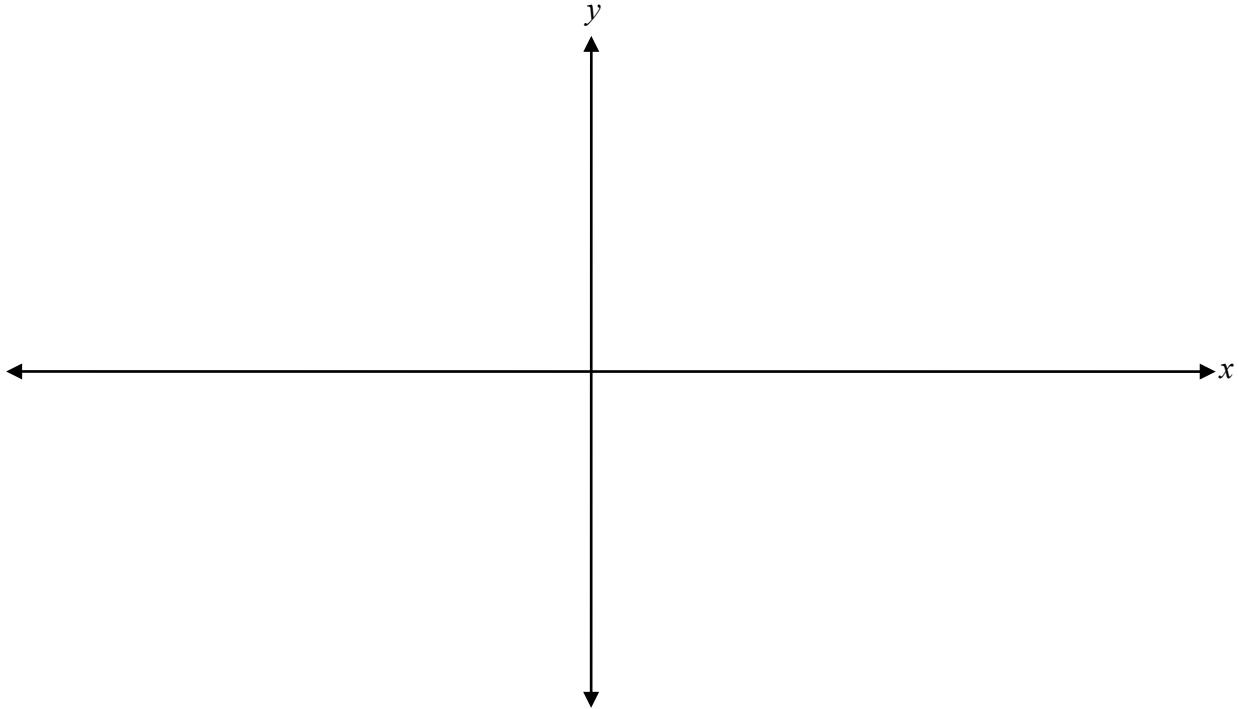
Determine the exact value of $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)$.

Explain why the graph of $g(x) = \frac{3}{x^2 + 4}$ does not have a vertical asymptote.

Solve, algebraically.

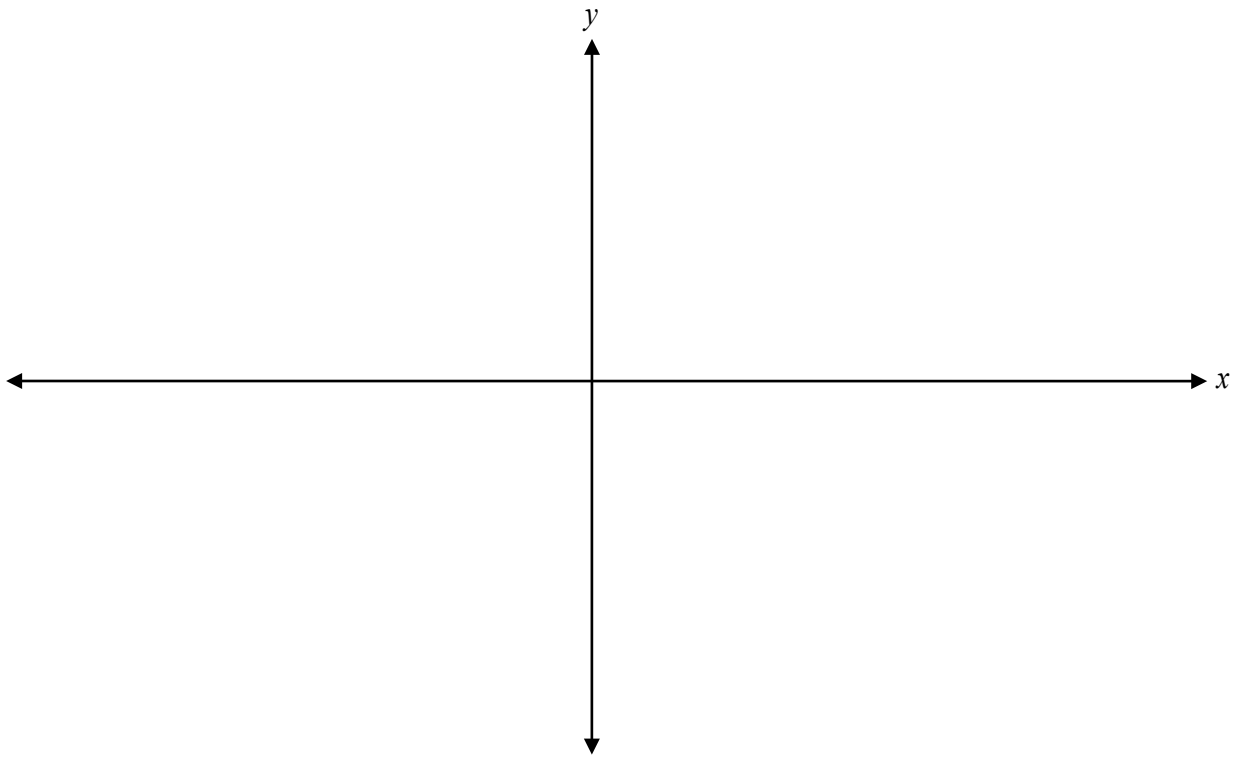
$$\log_3 x + \log_3 (x + 8) = 2$$

Sketch at least one period of the graph of the function $y = \sin(3(x + 30^\circ)) - 1$.



Explain why the domain of the function, $f(x) = \log(x-3)$, is $x > 3$.

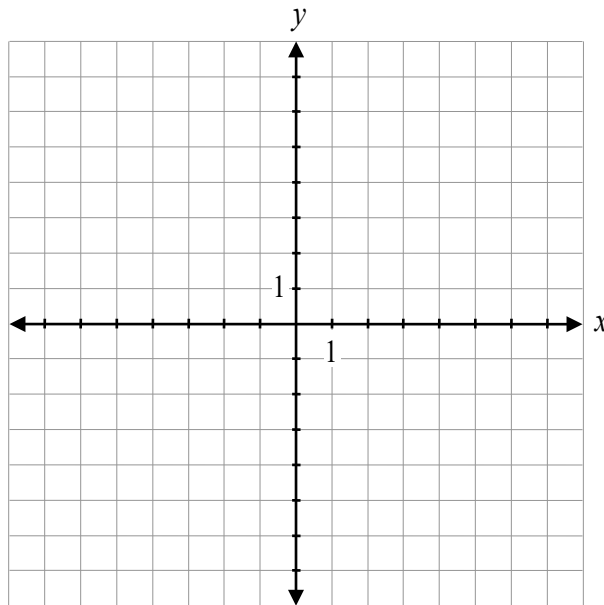
Sketch the graph of $p(x) = -(x-3)(x+1)^2(x-5)$.



Given that $\sin \theta = -\frac{2}{3}$ and $\tan \theta > 0$, determine the exact value of $\sin 2\theta$.

Justify whether $\frac{5\pi}{8}$ and $-\frac{11\pi}{4}$ are coterminal angles.

Sketch the graph of $f(x) = \frac{-2x(x+1)(x-3)}{2x}$.



Given $\frac{\sin \theta + \cos \theta \csc \theta}{\sin \theta}$, determine the non-permissible values of θ , where $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$.

Question 38

2 marks 130

Write an equation of a rational function that has a horizontal asymptote at $y = 0$ and a vertical asymptote at $x = 6$.

Question 39

a) 1 mark b) 2 marks

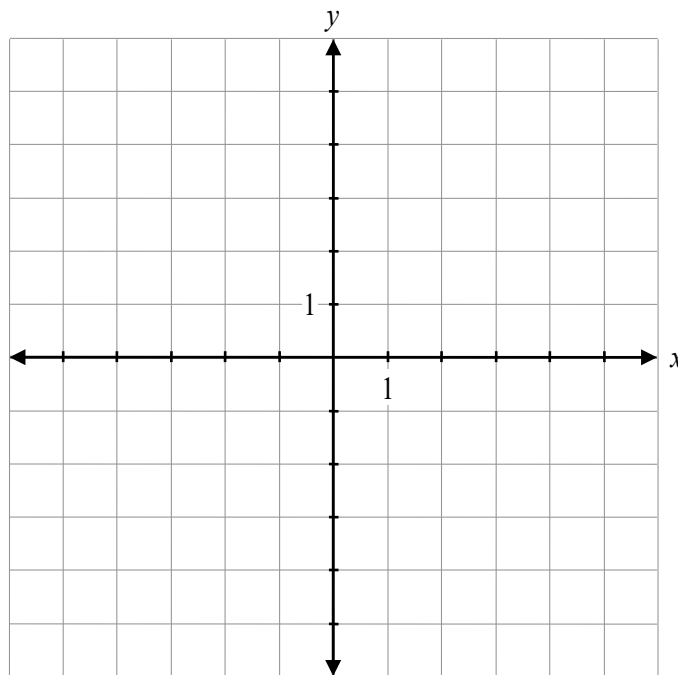
131
132

Given the functions $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$ and $g(x) = x^2$,

a) state the equation of $g(f(x))$.

$g(f(x)) =$ _____

b) sketch the graph of $g(f(x))$.



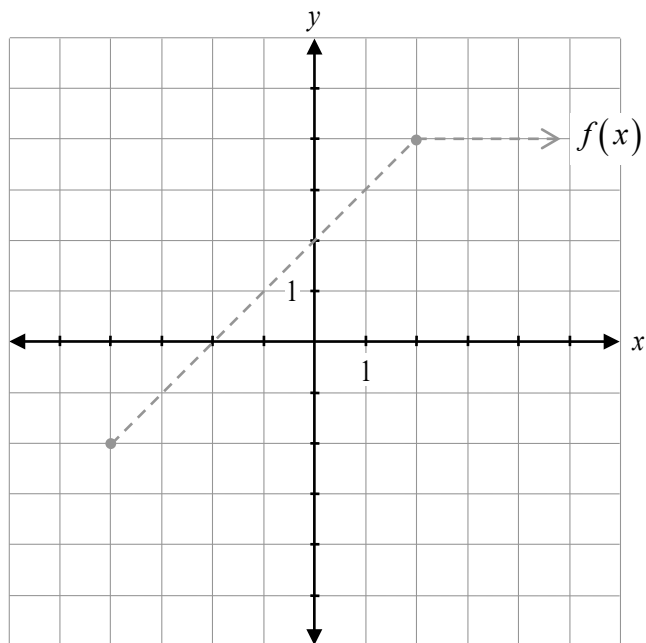
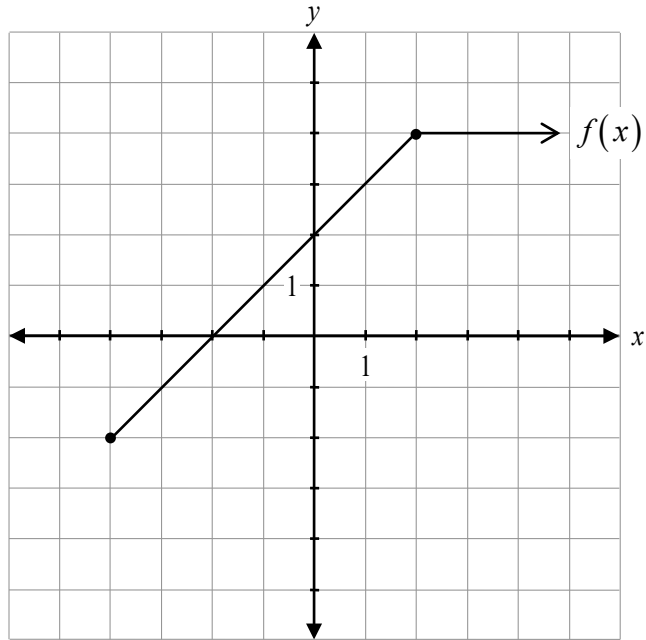
Suzanne was asked to determine the value of $\tan \theta$, given that $\sec \theta = -\frac{8}{3}$ and θ terminates in quadrant II.

Her solution:

$$\begin{aligned}(-3)^2 + y^2 &= (8)^2 \\ y^2 &= 55 \\ y &= \sqrt{55} \\ \tan \theta &= \frac{\sqrt{55}}{3}\end{aligned}$$

Describe her error.

Given the graph of $y = f(x)$, sketch the graph of $y = \sqrt{f(x)}$.



The graph of $f(x)$ has already been drawn for your reference. No marks will be awarded for the graph of $f(x)$.

The point $P(\theta) = (0, -1)$ lies on the unit circle. State the angle θ , over the interval $[2\pi, 4\pi]$.

Describe how the transformations of $f(x)$ on the graphs of $g(x) = f(3x - 6)$ and $h(x) = f(3(x - 6))$ are different.

a) Solve.

$$\sqrt{2x+5} - 3 = 0$$

b) Describe how the solution in a) relates to the graph of $y = \sqrt{2x+5} - 3$.

Determine all of the zeros of the function $p(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 9x + 18$.

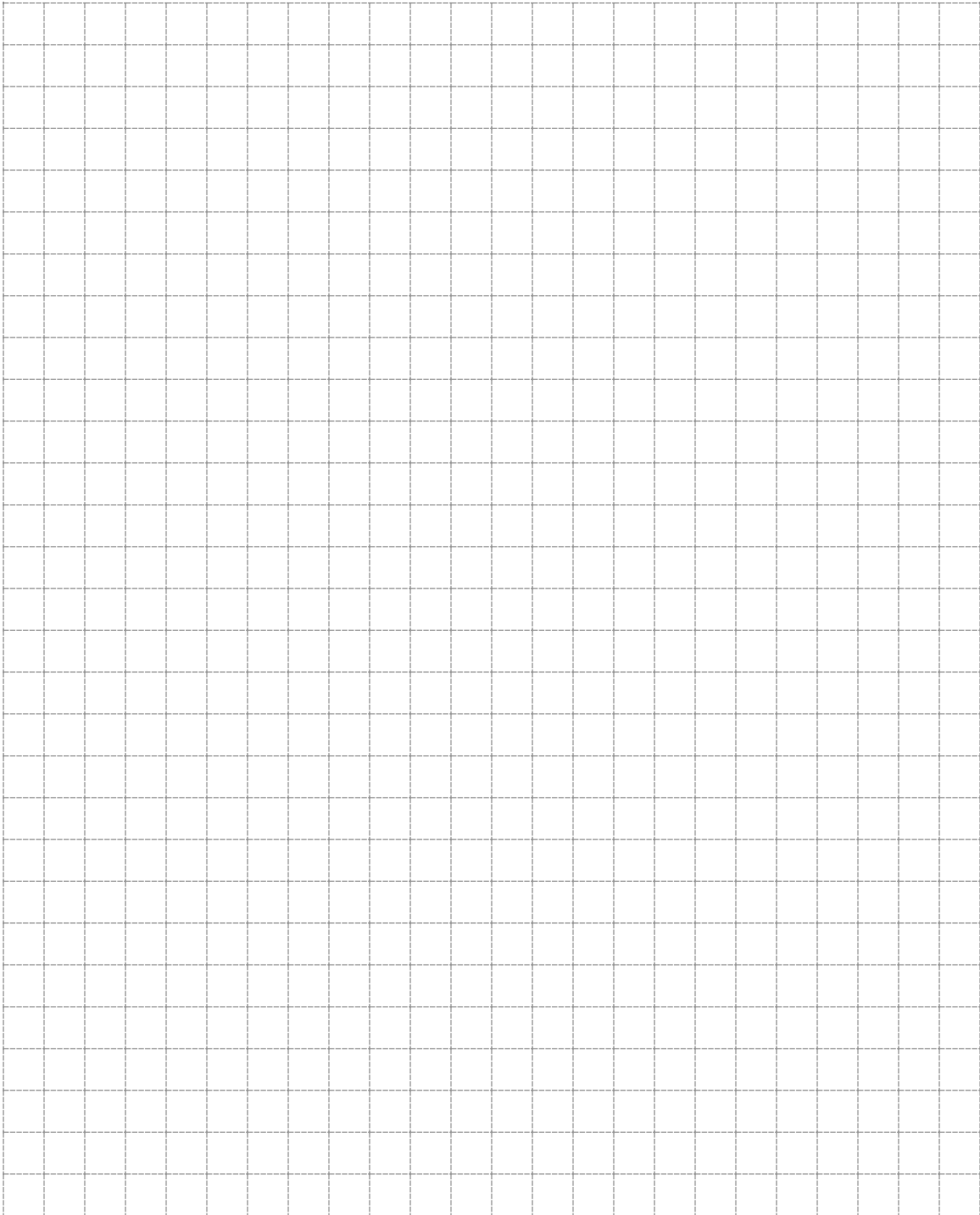
Given that the point $\left(\frac{\sqrt{23}}{6}, y\right)$ is on the unit circle, determine the exact value(s) of y .

Question 47

1 mark 141

State one zero of the function $y = \tan x$.

No marks will be awarded for work done on this page.



No marks will be awarded for work done on this page.