COMMUNITIES IN CANADA



Communities in Canada

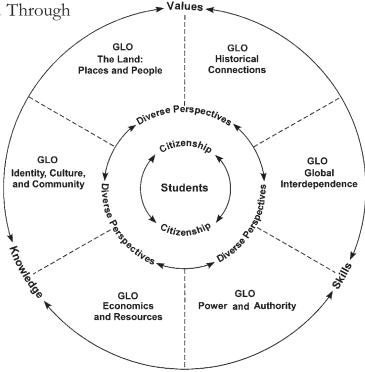
Grade Overview

Grade 2 students explore life in Canada, beginning with a study of their own community and moving outward to other communities. They become aware of their Canadian heritage as they discover stories of their local community's past and present. They explore ways in which people interact with the natural environment and come to understand the nature of communities. Students enhance their awareness of the cultural and geographic diversity of Canada through the study of an

Aboriginal community and one other Canadian community. Through

this exploration, students discover the diversity and

commonalities that link Canadian communities.



Communities in Canada

GRADE 2

Cluster Overview

Cluster 1: Our Local Community

Students focus on various aspects of communities. They locate their local communities on a map and explore the influence of the natural environment, important people and leaders, and cultural groups in their communities. Through stories of their local community, past and present, students become aware of their identity and heritage. They also consider their personal contributions to leadership and peaceful conflict resolution.

Cluster 2: Communities in Canada

Students enhance their awareness of the cultural and geographic diversity of Canada through the study of *one Aboriginal community and one other Canadian community*. They explore natural and constructed features of communities and examine concepts related to natural resources, work, goods, and services, and how these factors shape life in communities. They also discover how communities have changed over time.

Cluster 3: The Canadian Community

Students explore different aspects of Canada, including national symbols, the origins of place names, and the presence and influence of diverse languages and cultural communities. They examine the diverse yet similar aspects of the Canadian community and how people in communities meet their needs. They also locate Canada on a map and consider connections that link Canada to other countries.



Skills for Active Democratic Citizenship

Citizenship skills enable students to develop good relations with others, to work in cooperative ways toward achieving common goals, and to collaborate with others for the well-being of their communities. These interpersonal skills focus on cooperation, conflict resolution, taking responsibility, accepting differences, building consensus, negotiation, collaborative decision making, and learning to deal with dissent and disagreement.

Skills for Managing Information and Ideas

Information-management skills enable students to access, select, organize, and record information and ideas using a variety of sources, tools, and technologies. These skills include inquiry and research skills that enhance historical and geographical thinking.

Social Studies Skills

	Active Democ	ratic Citizenship
	Students will	
2-S-100	Cooperate and collaborate with others. Examples: make collective decisions, share responsibilities, seek agreement	
2-S-101	Resolve conflicts peacefully and fairly.	_
2-S-102	Interact fairly and respectfully with others.	_
2-S-103	Make decisions that reflect care, concern, and responsibility for the environment.	
2-S-104	Consider the rights and opinions of others during interactions.	

Managing Information and Ideas

2-S-200	Select information from oral, visual, material, print, or electronic sources.
2-S-201	Organize and record information using visual organizers.
2-S-202	Use appropriate terms or expressions to describe periods of time.
2-S-203	Use tools and technologies to accomplish given tasks.
2-S-204	Use simple timelines to organize information chronologically.
2-S-205	Construct maps that include a title, legend, and symbols.
2-S-206	Interpret maps that include a title, legend, and symbols.
2-S-207	Use cardinal directions to describe location.



Social Studies Skills

	Critical and C	reative Thinking
	Students will	
2-S-300	Formulate questions for research.	
2-S-301	Consider advantages and disadvantages of solutions to a problem.	
2-S-302	Use information or observation to form opinions.	
2-S-303	Revise ideas and opinions based on new information.	

Communication

2-S-400	Listen actively to others.
2-S-401	Use language that is respectful of others.
2-S-402	Express reasons for their ideas and opinions.
2-S-403	Present information and ideas orally, visually, concretely, or electronically.
2-S-404	Relate events and stories in chronological order.



Critical and Creative Thinking Skills

Critical and creative thinking skills enable students to make observations and decisions, to solve problems, and to devise forwardthinking strategies. These skills involve making connections among concepts and applying a variety of tools. Critical thinking involves the use of criteria and evidence to make reasoned judgements. These judgements include distinguishing fact from opinion and interpretation, evaluating information and ideas, identifying perspectives and bias, and considering the consequences of decisions and actions. Creative thinking emphasizes divergent thinking, the generation of ideas and possibilities, and the exploration of diverse approaches to questions.

Communication Skills

Communication skills enable students to interpret and express ideas clearly and purposefully using a variety of media. These skills include the development of oral, visual, print, and media literacy, and the use of information and communication technologies for the exchange of information and ideas.



Students focus on various aspects of communities. They locate their local communities on a map and explore the influence of the natural environment, important people and leaders, and cultural groups in their communities. Through stories of their local community, past and present, students become aware of their identity and heritage. They also consider their personal contributions to leadership and peaceful conflict resolution.

Cluster 1: Our Local Community

Knowledge			
	Students will		
2-KC-001	Recognize that all members of communities have responsibilities and rights.	2-KI-010	Identify their heritage and culture.
2-KC-003	Describe Remembrance Day as a time to think about peace and war.	2-KI-010A 2-KI-010F	Identify their Aboriginal heritage and culture. Identify their francophone heritage and culture.
2-KI-004	Identify the defining characteristics of communities.	2-KL-016	Name natural resources in their local community.
2-KI-005	Describe characteristics of their local communities.	2-KL-017	Give examples of ways in which the natural environment influences their communities.
	Examples: transportation, services, schools	2-KL-018	Locate their local community on a map of Canada.
2-KI-006	Identify cultural groups in their local communities.	2-KH-025	Relate stories of significant events and people in their local community's past.
2-KI-007	Give examples of factors that shape who they are. <i>Examples: language, family, community, traditions, gender, where they live</i>	2-KH-025A	Relate stories of significant events and people in their local Aboriginal community.
2-KI-008	Recognize that stories of their elders, groups, and communities help shape who they are.	2-KH-025F	Relate stories of significant events and people in their local francophone community.
2-KI-008A	Recognize that their Elders, ancestors, and communities connect them to the past, present, and future.	2-KP-033	Identify leaders in their communities. Examples: mayor, reeve, chief, elders, community volunteers
2-KI-009	Describe groups with which they identify. Examples: cultural, linguistic, community, First	2-KP-034	Give examples of ways in which they may demonstrate leadership.
	Nation	2-KP-035	Identify possible sources of conflict in groups and communities.
	Val	ues	
2-VC-001	Value the contributions of individuals to their communities.	2-VH-008A	Value personal connections to stories of their Aboriginal community's past.
2-VC-002	Be willing to contribute to their groups and communities.	2-VH-008F	Value personal connections to stories of their francophone community's past.
2-VI-005	Value their groups and communities.	2-VP-011	Be sensitive to others when taking on leadership roles.
2-VH-008	Value personal connections to stories of their community's past.	2-VP-012	Value peaceful, non-violent ways of resolving conflicts.

Cluster 2

Cluster 2: Communities in Canada

	Knov	vledge	
	Students will		
2-KI-012	Identify common features of Canadian communities.	2-KL-023	Locate communities studied on a map of Canada.
2-KL-019	Examples: transportation, services, schools Describe natural and constructed features of	2-KH-026	Identify ways in which life in Canadian communities has changed over time.
	communities studied. Examples: landforms, climate, waterways; buildings, bridges	2-KH-027	Recognize that First Nations and Inuit people are Canada's original peoples.
2-KL-020	Give examples of natural resources in communities studied.	2-KH-028	Recognize that many people came to Canada from other parts of the world to establish communities.
2-KL-021	Give examples of ways in which the natural environment shapes daily life in communities studied.	2-KE-036	Give examples of goods produced in Canadian communities.
2-KL-022	Explain the importance of conserving or restoring natural resources.	2-KE-037	Describe different types of work in Canadian communities studied.

	GRADE
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Students enhance their awareness of the cultural and geographic diversity of Canada through the study of one Aboriginal community and one other Canadian community. They explore natural and constructed features of communities and examine concepts related to natural resources, work, goods, and services, and how these factors shape life in communities. They also discover how communities have changed over time.

Values

2-VI-006	Appreciate the diversity of ways of life in Canadian communities.	2-VE-013	Appreciate that their quality of life is enhanced by the work and products of other Canadian
2-VI-006A	Demonstrate interest in the shared experiences and stories of members of Aboriginal communities in Canada.		communities. Examples: West Coast lumber, Atlantic fish, Northern mines, Prairie grain
2-VI-006F	Demonstrate interest in the shared experiences		

and stories of members of francophone

Value oral history as a way to learn about the

communities in Canada.

2-VH-009

land.



Students explore different aspects of Canada, including national symbols, the origins of place names, and the presence and influence of diverse languages and cultural communities. They examine the diverse yet similar aspects of the Canadian community and how people in communities meet their needs. They also locate Canada on a map and consider connections that link Canada to other countries.

Cluster 3: The Canadian Community

	Know	ledge	
	Students will		
2-KC-002	Identify significant Canadian and Manitoban	2-KL-024	Locate Canada on a world map or globe.
	symbols, buildings, and monuments. Examples: Canadian flag, Manitoba flag and floral emblem, Maple Leaf, beaver, buffalo,	2-KH-029	Describe the origins of a variety of place names in Canada.
	Manitoba Legislative Building, Parliament Buildings, National War Memorial, drums, inuksuit, Red River Cart, York Boat	2-KH-030	Give examples of the historical francophone influence on the Canadian community. Examples: place names, stories of historical
2-KI-011	Recognize the diversity that characterizes Canada. Examples: cultural, linguistic, geographic,	2-KG-031	figures, celebrations Identify Canada as one of many countries in the world.
	artistic	2-KG-032	Give examples of connections linking Canada
2-KI-013	Recognize that Aboriginal, francophone, and other cultural communities are part of the		to other countries. Examples: food, immigration, media
	Canadian community.	2-KE-038	Give examples of needs common to all
2-KI-014	Identify English and French as the two official languages of Canada.	2-KE-039	Canadians. Give examples of media influences on their
2-KI-015	Recognize that a variety of languages are spoken in Canada.		choices and decisions.

Values

2-VC-003	Value being a member of the Canadian community.
2-VI-004	Be willing to consider diverse points of view.
2-VL-007	Appreciate diverse artistic representations of the land. Examples: poetry, painting, music
2-VG-010	Value Canada's global connections.