Concept Relationship:

Stories and Theories of Origins-Key

These are suggested and disputable ideas that may be elicited through guided questioning.

Characteristics of stories of origins:

- There is always a god or gods.
- The world usually starts from nothing or is brought into existence.
- There are often many different versions of the same story.
- The story sounds as though it was meant to be told out loud.
- There are different stages in the creation (e.g., light and dark, animals, water and land, male and female, et cetera).
- Human beings have a connection to the world of the gods.
- Often human beings are considered to be responsible to the gods.

Purposes of stories of origins:

- To explain the beginnings of humanity and how people came to be the way they are now
- To explain the purpose of human existence
- To explain the relationship between a physical and non-physical world

What do the origin stories tell about culture and worldview:

- Humans have a relationship to the gods.
- Humans have a purpose.
- Gods are much like humans.
- Origin stories are often the source of rituals and traditions.
- (Other values vary.)

Characteristics of scientific theory of origins:

- They use a combination of physical evidence and hypotheses related to a theory of origins.
- There is no god as a part of the explanation.
- Human beings evolve over time through adaptation.
- Human beings did not begin from nothing but evolved from previous human forms.
- There are competing views on how the events happened.
- Scientists present a timeline for each stage of development.
- Gaps in the scientific evidence (e.g., missing fossils)
 are not regarded as an obstacle to accepting the
 theory as an explanation for the origins of human
 life.

Purposes of scientific theories of origins:

- To explain how human beings came to look like they do, and act and live as they do, in modern times
- To explain how the human species survived and changed over time
- To understand human life in relation to the natural environment

What does scientific theory tell about modern culture and world view:

- Evidence is the basis of understanding, and must pass many tests and be free of bias.
- Chronology is important to date materials and evidence.
- The natural world exists as it is without needing a purpose.
- Understanding the world does not involve belief in a supreme being or intelligence.

How are origin stories and scientific theories of origins the same?

- They both try to explain how human life began and why people in societies behave as they do.
- They both are based on belief; origin stories rely upon accepted tradition, while science relies upon evidence to support beliefs.

How are origin stories and scientific theories of origins different?

- Origin stories are immutable, whereas scientific theories evolve with new evidence.
- Origin stories relate to the non-physical or divine world; they may or may not be taken literally.
- Scientific theories relate to physical explanations only and are meant to be taken as our present best understanding (revised as additional scientific evidence is gathered and accepted).