S.2.S1.A.1a Demonstrate a level of participation that contributes to the goals of an individualized fitness plan	K.2.S1.C.1b Explain the structure of fibertypes (i.e., slow-twitch, fast-twitch) as they relate to muscular development	K.2.S1.B.1 Differentiate between the benefits of active living and physical fitness development, based on a health and fitness continuum (e.g., mild activity for health benefits, moderate to vigorous activity for fitness benefits)	S.2.S1.A.3b Analyze own fitness test results (e.g., using information technology) to establish personal fitness goals
S	K C	K B	S A

K.2.S1.C.1a Explain the structure of skeletal muscle (i.e., belly, bundle, fiber, myofibril) as it relates to muscular development	K.2.S1.C.2 Describe the principles of training and conditioning for physical activities (i.e., progressive overload, specificity, reversibility, regularity, individual variability, starting point)	K.2.S1.C.1c Identify types of strength exercises (i.e., isometric, dynamic) and stretching exercises (i.e., static, ballistic, passive) for personal fitness development (i.e., strength, endurance, range of motion)	K.2.S1.C.4 Identify the factors related to health and fitness development (e.g., health benefit, physical attributes, interpersonal interaction, influence of family, availability of facilities/equipment, competition, cooperation, personal success, time management) that affect choices of physical activities for self and others
K C	K C	K C	K C

S.2.S1.A.3a Assess the level of ability in one or more skill-related components (e.g., balance, agility, power, reaction time, speed, coordination) of physical fitness	K.2.S1.C.3 Design and implement effective warm-up and cool-down routines for specific team-related physical activities (e.g., volleyball, soccer, rugby)	S.2.S1.A.2 Demonstrate use of heartrate monitoring (e.g., pulse points, heart monitors, software programs) to compare exertion level in a variety of activities	S.2.S1.A.1b Participate in planned and self-directed activities that maintain heart-rate levels in various zones (e.g., general health, basic fitness, healthy heart)
S A	K C	S A	S A

K.2.S1.A.1 Identify the skill-related fitness components (e.g., balance, agility, power, reaction time, speed, coordination) and relate their importance to sport/physical activity performance (e.g., reaction time in goal keeping)	Fitness	Fitness	Fitness
	Management	Management	Management
K A			