STI Quiz

Name

True or False?

1. A person can have a sexually transmitted infection (STI) and not know it. ______

2. It is normal for females to have some vaginal discharge. ______

3. Once you have had an STI and have been treated, you can’t get it again. ______

4. HIV is mainly present in semen, blood, vaginal secretions, and breast milk. ______

5. Chlamydia and gonorrhea can cause pelvic inflammatory disease. ______

6. A pregnant female who has an STI can pass the disease to her fetus or newborn. ______

7. Most STIs go away without treatment, if people wait long enough. ______

8. STIs that are not treated can cause infertility. ______

9. Birth control pills offer excellent protection from STIs. ______

10. Condoms can help prevent the spread of STIs. ______

11. If you know your partner, you can’t get an STI. ______

12. Chlamydia is the most common STI. ______

13. Sexually active individuals should get an annual STI-detection test from their doctor. ______

Short Answer

14. What advice would you give someone who thought he or she might have an STI?

15. How can you avoid contracting an STI?