

<h2>Number</h2>
General Outcome <i>Develop number sense.</i>
3.N.1. Say the number sequence forward and backward from 0 to 1000 by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10s, or 100s, using any starting point • 5s, using starting points that are multiples of 5 • 25s, using starting points that are multiples of 25 [C, CN, ME]
3.N.2. Represent and describe numbers to 1000, concretely, pictorially, and symbolically. [C, CN, V]
3.N.3. Compare and order numbers to 1000. [CN, R, V]
3.N.4. Estimate quantities less than 1000 using referents. [ME, PS, R, V]
3.N.5. Illustrate, concretely and pictorially, the meaning of place value for numerals to 1000. [C, CN, R, V]
3.N.6. Describe and apply mental mathematics strategies for adding two 2-digit numerals, such as <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adding from left to right • taking one addend to the nearest multiple of ten and then compensating • using doubles. [C, ME, PS, R, V]
3.N.7. Describe and apply mental mathematics strategies for subtracting two 2-digit numerals, such as <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • taking the subtrahend to the nearest multiple of ten and then compensating • thinking of addition • using doubles. [C, ME, PS, R, V]
3.N.8. Apply estimation strategies to predict sums and differences of two 2-digit numerals, in a problem-solving context. [C, ME, PS, R]
3.N.9. Demonstrate an understanding of addition and subtraction of numbers with answers to 1000 (limited to 1-, 2- and 3-digit numerals) by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • using personal strategies for adding and subtracting with and without the support of manipulatives • creating and solving problems in contexts that involve addition and subtraction of numbers concretely, pictorially, and symbolically. [C, CN, ME, PS, R]
3.N.10. Determine addition facts and related subtraction facts (to 18). [C, CN, ME, R, V]

<h2>Number (cont.)</h2>
3.N.11. Demonstrate an understanding of multiplication to 5×5 by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • representing and explaining multiplication using equal grouping and arrays • creating and solving problems in context that involve multiplication • modelling multiplication using concrete and visual representations, and recording the process symbolically • relating multiplication to repeated addition • relating multiplication to division [C, CN, PS, R]
3.N.12. Demonstrate an understanding of division by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • representing and explaining division using equal sharing and equal grouping • creating and solving problems in context that involve equal sharing and equal grouping • modelling equal sharing and equal grouping using concrete and visual representations, and recording the process symbolically • relating division to repeated subtraction. • relating division to multiplication (limited to division related to multiplication facts up to 5×5). [C, CN, PS, R]
3.N.13. Demonstrate an understanding of fractions by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explaining that a fraction represents a portion of a whole divided into equal parts. • describing situations in which fractions are used • comparing fractions of the same whole with like denominators. [C, CN, ME, R, V]

<h2>Statistics and Probability</h2>
General Outcome <i>Collect, display and analyze data to solve problems.</i>
3.SP.1. Collect-first hand data and organize it using <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tally marks • line plots • charts • lists to answer questions. [C, CN, V]
3.SP.2. Construct, label, and interpret bar graphs to solve problems. [PS, R, V]

<h2>Patterns and Relations</h2>
General Outcome <i>Use patterns to describe the world and solve problems.</i>
3.PR.1. Demonstrate an understanding of increasing patterns by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • describing • extending • comparing • creating patterns using manipulatives, diagrams, and numbers (to 1000). [C, CN, PS, R, V]
3.PR.2. Demonstrate an understanding of decreasing patterns by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • describing • extending • comparing • creating patterns using manipulatives, diagrams, and numbers (starting from 1000 or less). [C, CN, PS, R, V]
General Outcome <i>Represent algebraic expressions in multiple ways.</i>
3.PR.3. Solve one-step addition and subtraction equations involving symbols representing an unknown number. [C, CN, PS, R, V]

<h2>Shape and Space</h2>
General Outcome <i>Use direct or indirect measurement to solve problems.</i>
3.SS.1. Relate the passage of time to common activities using non-standard and standard units (minutes, hours, days, weeks, months, years). [CN, ME, R]
3.SS.2. Relate the number of seconds to a minute, the number of minutes to an hour and the number of days to a month in a problem-solving context. [C, CN, PS, R, V]

<h2>Shape and Space (cont.)</h2>
3.SS.3. Demonstrate an understanding of measuring length (cm, m), by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • selecting and justifying referents for the units cm and m • modelling and describing the relationship between the units cm and m • estimating length using referents • measuring and recording length, width and height [C, CN, ME, PS, R, V]
3.SS.4. Demonstrate an understanding of measuring mass (g, kg), by <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • selecting and justifying referents for the units g and kg • modelling and describing the relationship between the units g and kg • estimating mass using referents • measuring and recording mass [C, CN, ME, PS, R, V]
3.SS.5. Demonstrate an understanding of perimeter of regular and irregular shapes by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • estimating perimeter using referents for centimetre or metre • measuring and recording perimeter (cm, m) • constructing different shapes for a given perimeter (cm, m), to demonstrate that many shapes are possible for a perimeter [C, ME, PS, R, V]
General Outcome <i>Describe the characteristics of 3-D objects and 2-D shapes, and analyze the relationships among them.</i>
3.SS.6. Describe 3-D objects according to the shape of the faces, and the number of edges and vertices. [C, CN, PS, R, V]
3.SS.7. Sort regular and irregular polygons including <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • triangles • quadrilaterals • pentagons • hexagons • octagons according to the number of sides. [C, CN, R, V]

Processes:

- C – Communication
- PS – Problem Solving
- V - Visualization

- CN – Connections
- R – Reasoning

- ME – Mental Mathematics and Estimation
- T – Technology